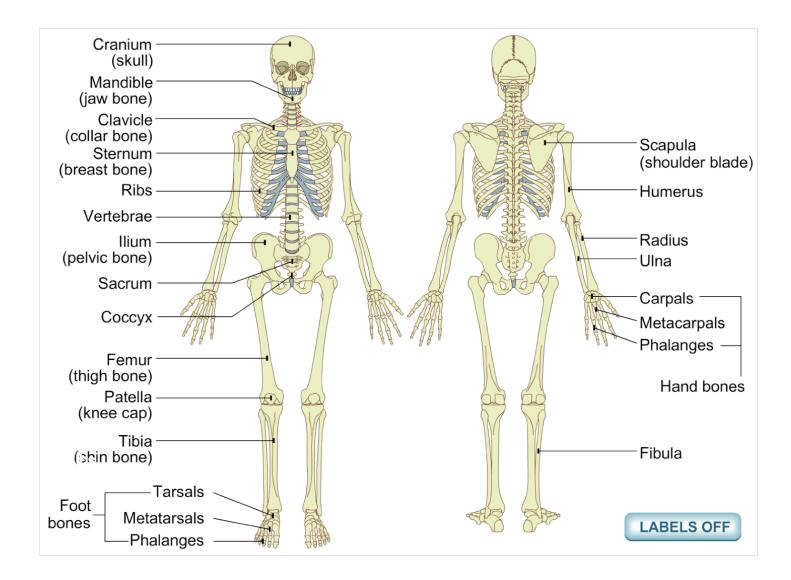
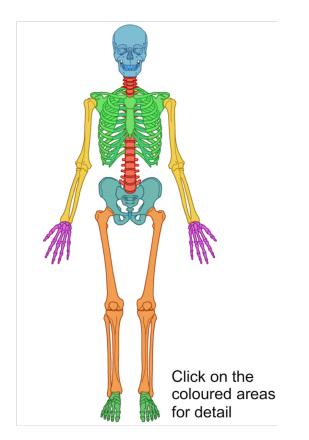


La struttura ossea

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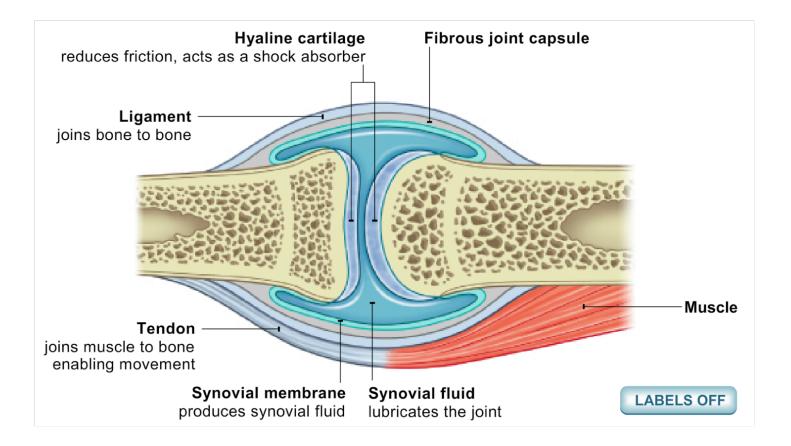
1. Protection - the cranium and ribs protect the brain and vital organs in the chest.

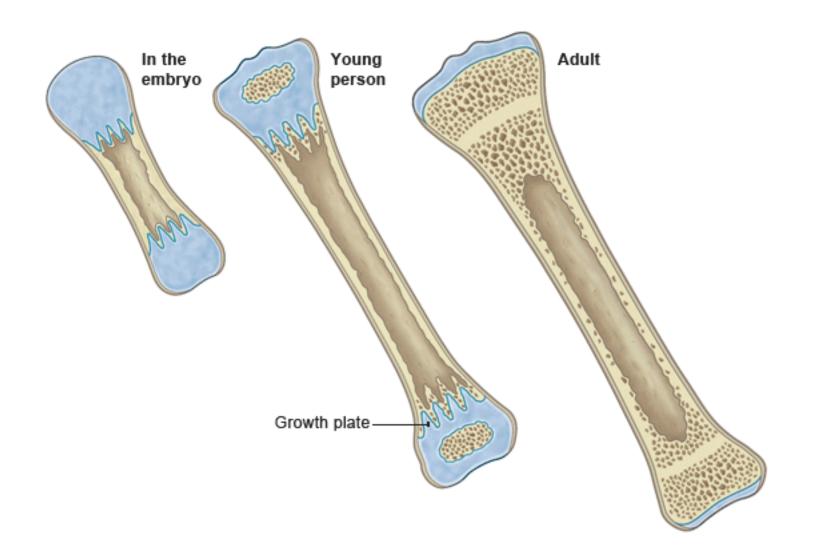
2. Shape - gives shape to the body and makes you tall or short.

3. Support - holds your vital organs in place when playing sport. The vertebral column holds the body upright.

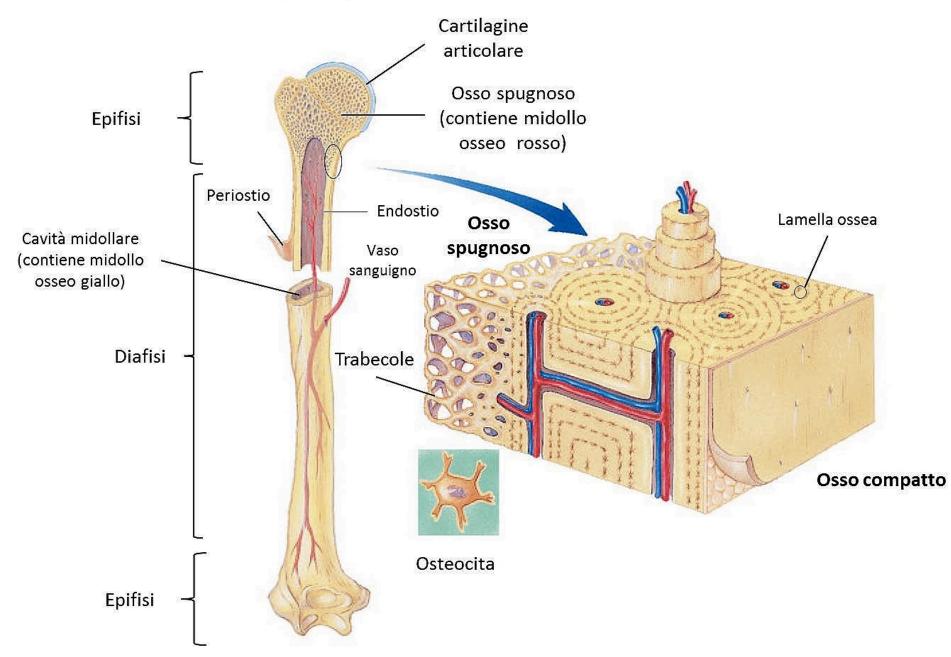
4. Movement - muscle are attached to bones, which are jointed. When the muscles contract the bones move.

5. Blood production - red blood cells (to carry oxygen) and white blood cells (to protect against infection) are produced in the bone marrow of some bones.

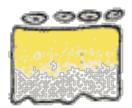




OMERO



LE FASI DEL RIMODELLAMENTO OSSEO



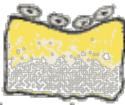
Quiescenza cellule (osteoblasti) allineate in riposo



Attivazione I precursori degli osteoclasti iniziano la loro attività



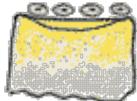
Riassorbimento Gli osteoclasti erodono l'osso vecchio



Inversione Gli osteoclasti hanno completato il riassorbimento Inizia l'attività degli osteoblasti



Formazione Gli osteoblasti ricostruiscono l'osso



Mineralizzazione della matrice (il ciclo ricomincia)